## MARKING SCHEME STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL (FOR INTERNAL AND RESTRICTED USE ONLY) SENIOR SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 2025 ACCOUNTANCY (SUBJECT CODE—055) (QUESTION PAPER CODE—67/1/3)

## **General Instructions:**

- 1 You are aware that evaluation is the most important process in the actual and correct assessment of the candidates. A small mistake in evaluation may lead to serious problems which may affect the future of the candidates, education system and teaching profession. To avoid mistakes, it is requested that before starting evaluation, you must read and understand the spot evaluation guidelines carefully
- 2 "Evaluation policy is a confidential policy as it is related to the confidentiality of the examinations conducted, Evaluation done and several other aspects. Its' leakage to public in any manner could lead to derailment of the examination system and affect the life and future of millions of candidates. Sharing this policy/document to anyone, publishing in any magazine and printing in News Paper/Website etc. may invite action under various rules of the Board and IPC."
- 3 Evaluation is to be done as per instructions provided in the Marking Scheme. It should not be done according to one's own interpretation or any other consideration. Marking Scheme should be strictly adhered to and religiously followed. However, while evaluating, answers which are based on latest information or knowledge and/or are innovative, they may be assessed for their correctness otherwise and due marks be awarded to them.
- 4 The Marking scheme carries only suggested value points for the answers. These are in the nature of Guidelines only and do not constitute the complete answer. The students can have their own expression and if the expression is correct, the due marks should be awarded accordingly.
- 5 The Head-Examiner must go through the first five answer books evaluated by each evaluator on the first day, to ensure that evaluation has been carried out as per the instructions given in the Marking Scheme. If there is any variation, the same should be zero after deliberation and discussion. The remaining answer books meant for evaluation shall be given only after ensuring that there is no significant variation in the marking of individual evaluators
- 6 Evaluators will mark( $\sqrt{}$ ) wherever answer is correct. For wrong answer CROSS 'X" be marked. Evaluators will not put right ( $\sqrt{}$ )while evaluating which gives an impression that answer is correct and no marks are awarded. This is most common mistake which evaluators are committing.
- 7 If a question has parts, please award marks on the right-hand side for each part. Marks awarded for different parts of the question should then be totaled up and written in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may be followed strictly
- 8 If a question does not have any parts, marks must be awarded in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may also be followed strictly
- 9 If a student has attempted an extra question, answer of the question deserving more marks should be retained and the other answer scored out with a note "Extra Question".
- 10 No marks to be deducted for the cumulative effect of an error. It should be penalized only once.

- 11 A full scale of <u>80</u> marks as given in Question Paper has to be used. Please do not hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it.
- 12 Every examiner has to necessarily do evaluation work for full working hours i.e., 8 hours every day and evaluate 20 answer books per day in main subjects and 25 answer books per day in other subjects (Details are given in Spot Guidelines)
- **13** Ensure that you do not make the following common types of errors committed by the Examiner in the past:-
  - Leaving answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book.
  - Leaving answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book.
  - Wrong totaling of marks awarded on an answer.
  - Wrong transfer of marks from the inside pages of the answer book to the title page.
  - Wrong question wise totaling on the title page.
  - Wrong totaling of marks of the two columns on the title page.
  - Wrong grand total.
  - Marks in words and figures not tallying/not same.
  - Wrong transfer of marks from the answer book to online award list.
  - Answers marked as correct, but marks not awarded. (Ensure that the right tick mark is correctly and clearly indicated. It should merely be a line. Same is with the X for incorrect answer.)
  - Half or a part of answer marked correct and the rest as wrong, but no marks awarded.
- 14 While evaluating the answer books if the answer is found to be totally incorrect, it should be marked as cross (X) and awarded zero (0) marks
- 15 Any un assessed portion, non-carrying over of marks to the title page, or totaling error detected by the candidate shall damage the prestige of all the personnel engaged in the evaluation work as also of the Board. Hence, in order to uphold the prestige of all concerned, it is again reiterated that the instructions be followed meticulously and judiciously.
- 16 The Examiners should acquaint themselves with the guidelines given in the "Guidelines for spot Evaluation" before starting the actual evaluation.
- 17 Every Examiner shall also ensure that all the answers are evaluated, marks carried over to the title page, correctly totaled and written in figures and words.
- 18 The candidates are entitled to obtain photocopy of the Answer Book on request on payment of the prescribed processing fee. All Examiners/Additional Head Examiners/Head Examiners are once again reminded that they must ensure that evaluation is carried out strictly as per value points for each answer as given in the Marking Scheme.

67	MARKING SCHEME	
/1 /3	ACCOUNTANCY (055) EXPECTED ANSWERS / VALUE POINTS	Marks
	SECTION A	
1	Q. Money received in advance from the shareholders	
	Ans. (A) Credited to calls in advance account	1 mark
2	Q. (a) Debentures in respect of which all details	1
	Ans. (C) Registered debentures	mark
	OR	OR
	(b) That portion of the called up	1
	Ans. (A) Paid up capital	mark
3	Q. Misha, Sarita and Isha were partners	
	Ans. (A) Misha's sacrifice 1/6, Isha's gain 1/6	1 mark
	OR	OR
	Q. (b) Sia, Tisha and Aryan were partners sharing	1 mark
	<b>Ans.</b> (B) 4:1	iiiai k
4	Q. Anuj and Kartik were partners in a firm	1
	<b>Ans</b> .(C) ₹4,200	n mark
5	Q. (a) Vishesh, Manik and Amit were partners	
	<b>Ans.</b> (D) 27:23	l mark
	OR	OR
	Q. (b) Varsha, Aryan and Nimit	
	<b>Ans</b> . (B) 8:7	1 mark
6	Q. When the Partners' capitals are fixed	
	Ans. (C) Debit side of Partner's Current Account.	1 mark
7	Q. 4,000 shares of ₹10 each were forfeited	
	<b>Ans.</b> (A) ₹8,000	1 mark
8	Q. On 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2023, Veebee Ltd. issued 20,000, 13% debentures	
	<b>Ans.</b> (B) ₹2,60,000	1 mark

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9	Q. Arus	shi, Vivaan and Mitali were partners			1
	Ans. (C)	)₹52,000			mark
10	Q. Ashn	nit, Veena and Rohan were partners in a firm			1
	Ans.(A)	Ashmit ₹3,75,000 and Rohan ₹1,25,000			ı mark
11	Q. Nita,	, Vidur and Mita were partners in a firm			1
	Ans. (D)	) ₹5,00,000			mark
2	Q. Sara	and Tara were partners			
	Ans. (D)	) ₹32,000			1 mark
3	Q. Asse	rtion (A): Each partner carrying			
	<b>Ans.</b> (A Assertio	.) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct and Reon (A).	eason (R) is the corre	ect explanation of	1 mark
4	Q. (a) V	L Ltd. offered for public subscription			-
	Ans. (D)	) ₹11,00,000			1 marl
		OR			OR
	Q. (b) V	OR /X Ltd. issued 30,000, 8% Debentures			OR 1
					OR 1 mark
15	Ans. (B)	X Ltd. issued 30,000, 8% Debentures ) ₹1,50,000 Kartik, Inder and Lalit were partners			1
15	Ans. (B) Q. (a) K	X Ltd. issued 30,000, 8% Debentures ) ₹1,50,000 Kartik, Inder and Lalit were partners	Dr.	Cr.	1
15	Ans. (B) Q. (a) K	/X Ltd. issued 30,000, 8% Debentures ) ₹1,50,000 Kartik, Inder and Lalit were partners )	Amount	Amount	1
15	Ans. (B) Q. (a) K	/X Ltd. issued 30,000, 8% Debentures ) ₹1,50,000 Kartik, Inder and Lalit were partners Particulars Lalit's Capital A/c Dr.		Amount (₹)	1 mark
5	Ans. (B) Q. (a) K Ans. (A)	X Ltd. issued 30,000, 8% Debentures ) ₹1,50,000 Kartik, Inder and Lalit were partners Particulars	Amount (₹)	Amount	1 mark
15	Ans. (B) Q. (a) K Ans. (A)	/X Ltd. issued 30,000, 8% Debentures ) ₹1,50,000 Kartik, Inder and Lalit were partners Particulars Lalit's Capital A/c Dr.	Amount (₹)	Amount (₹)	1 mark
5	Ans. (B) Q. (a) K Ans. (A) (A)	/X Ltd. issued 30,000, 8% Debentures         ) ₹1,50,000         Kartik, Inder and Lalit were partners         )         Particulars         Lalit's Capital A/c         Dr.         To Kartik's Capital A/c	Amount (₹)	Amount (₹)	1 mark 1 mark
15	Ans. (B) Q. (a) K Ans. (A) (A)	/X Ltd. issued 30,000, 8% Debentures         ) ₹1,50,000         Kartik, Inder and Lalit were partners         )         Particulars         Lalit's Capital A/c         To Kartik's Capital A/c         OR         Sidhi, Pranav and Ishu were partners	Amount (₹)	Amount (₹)	1 mark 1 mark
15	Ans. (B) Q. (a) K Ans. (A) (A) Q. (b) N	/X Ltd. issued 30,000, 8% Debentures         ) ₹1,50,000         Kartik, Inder and Lalit were partners         )         Particulars         Lalit's Capital A/c         To Kartik's Capital A/c         OR         Sidhi, Pranav and Ishu were partners	Amount (₹) 40,000 Dr.	Amount (₹) 40,000 Cr.	1 mark 1 mark
5	Ans. (B) Q. (a) K Ans. (A) (A) Q. (b) N	/X Ltd. issued 30,000, 8% Debentures         ) ₹1,50,000         Kartik, Inder and Lalit were partners         )         Particulars         Lalit's Capital A/c         Dr.         To Kartik's Capital A/c         OR         Sidhi, Pranav and Ishu were partners	Amount (₹) 40,000	Amount (₹) 40,000 Cr. Amount	1 mark 1 mark
15	Ans. (B) Q. (a) K Ans. (A) (A) Q. (b) N	/X Ltd. issued 30,000, 8% Debentures         ) ₹1,50,000         Kartik, Inder and Lalit were partners         )         Particulars         Lalit's Capital A/c         Dr.         To Kartik's Capital A/c         OR         Jidhi, Pranav and Ishu were partners         )         Particulars         OR         Jidhi, Pranav and Ishu were partners         )         Particulars         OR	Amount         (₹)         40,000         Dr.         Amount         (₹)         2,00,000	Amount (₹) 40,000 Cr.	1 mark 1 mark OR
15	Ans. (B) Q. (a) K Ans. (A) (A) (A) Q. (b) N Ans. (C)	/X Ltd. issued 30,000, 8% Debentures         ) ₹1,50,000         Kartik, Inder and Lalit were partners         )         Particulars         Lalit's Capital A/c         To Kartik's Capital A/c         OR         Sidhi, Pranav and Ishu were partners         Particulars         OR         Particulars	Amount (₹) 40,000 Dr. Amount (₹)	Amount (₹) 40,000 Cr. Amount	1 mark 1 mark

Q. Piyu								
	Q. Piyush, Aadi and Sudha							
Ans.								
Books of Piyush, Aadi and Sudha								
Date	Particulars		Journal		L.F.	Dr.	Cr.	
						Amount (₹)	Amount (₹)	
2024 Oct.1	To Aadi's	oss Suspense A/c Capital A/c re of profit transferre	d to his capital accour	Dr. nt)		15,000	15,000	
Calculation of Firm's profits till Aadi's death:								
If sale i	is ₹6,00,000,	the profit = ₹1,50,00	0					
If sale is ₹2,00,000, the profit = $\frac{₹1,50,000}{₹6,00,000}$ x ₹2,00,000								
		=₹50,000						
		,		2/10				
Calcul	ation of Aad	i's share of profit ti	Il death $=$ ₹50,000 x	3/10				
			=₹15,000					
(If an examinee has shown correct calculation in any other form, full credit is to be given)								
Q. (a) The firm of Amish, Nitish and Misha								
Ans.		Books	of Amish, Nitish and	Misha				
			Journal		LE	D		
Date		Partie	culars		L.F.	Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)	
	Amish's Cap			Dr.		30,000		
	Nitish's Capital A/cDr.30,000To Misha's Capital A/c60,000(Adjustment of profit for the last three years on account of change60,000						60,000	
in profit sharing ratio)								
	Adjustment Table							
	rtnors	Dr Protite (7)	Cr. Profits (₹)			· Effect		
	artners	Dr. Profits (₹) 2:2:1	1:1:1	Dr. (₹	()		∵.(₹)	
				<b>Dr. (₹</b> 30,00	,		<u>∵ (₹)</u>	
Pa		2:2:1	1:1:1	· · ·	0		. ( <b>₹</b> ) ,000	

	OR				OR			
<b>Q. (b)</b> V	idhi, Manas and Ansh were partners sharing							
Ans.								
	Books of Vidhi, Manas and Ansh Journal							
Date	Particulars	L.I	F. Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)				
2024 Mar31	Profit & Loss Appropriation A/cDr.To Vidhi's Capital A/cDr.To Manas's Capital A/cDr.To Ansh's Capital A/cDr.(Profit distributed among the partners in their profit sharin	g	2,00,000		11/2			
"	ratio) Vidhi's Capital A/c Dr. Manas's Capital A/c Dr. To Ansh's Capital A/c (Deficiency for Ansh borne by Vidhi and Manas equally)	_	10,000 10,000		$\begin{vmatrix} 1\frac{1}{2} \\ = \\ 3 \text{ mar}$			
A 14 anna at					Altern			
Alternati	<u>Alternate Answer:</u> Books of Vidhi, Manas and Ansh Journal							
Date	Particulars	L.I	F. Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)				
2024 Mar31	Profit & Loss Appropriation A/cDr.To Vidhi's Capital A/cDr.To Manas's Capital A/cDr.To Ansh's Capital A/cDr.(Profit distributed among the partners in their profit sharing rational with guaranteed amount to Ansh)	0	2,00,000		3 mar			
Q. (a) De	elight Ltd. purchased assets worth							
Ans. Books of Delight Ltd. Journal								
Date		<b>F</b> .	Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)				
	Assets A/cDr.Goodwill A/cDr.To Liabilities A/cToTo Marvel Ltd.Image: Constraint of the second secon		4,00,000 30,000	70,000 3,60,000	1½			
	10 Marvel Ltd.         (Assets and liabilities of Marvel Ltd. taken over)         Marvel Ltd.       Dr.         To 11% Debentures A/c		3,60,000	3,00,000	+			

O. (b	OR ) Prime Ltd. took over assets of ₹6,00,000					OR
Ans.	Books of Prime I	Ltd.				
Date	e Particulars		L.F.	Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)	
	Assets A/c To Liabilities A/c To Rabi Ltd. To Capital Reserve A/c (Assets and liabilities of Rabi Ltd. taken over)	Dr.		6,00,000	1,00,000 3,60,000 1,40,000	1½
	Rabi Ltd. Discount on issue of debentures A/c To 10% Debentures A/c (Issue of 4,000 debentures at a discount of 10%)	Dr. Dr.		3,60,000 40,000	4,00,000	+ 1 ½ = 3 Marks
	al profit= Normal Rate of return/100 x Capital Employ = 10/100 x₹12,00,000 = ₹1,20,000 age profit= (₹3,00,000+ ₹4,00,000+ 5,00,000+ ₹4,00,0			1/2		
	age profit= $(₹3,00,000+ ₹4,00,000+ 5,00,000+ ₹4,00,00)$ = ₹4,00,000 age profit less partners' salary= ₹4,00,000- ₹20,000	00)/4				3
	=₹3,80,000			1		Marks
Avera	age Super profit/ Super profit = Average profit - Norm =₹3,80,000- ₹1,20,000 =₹2,60,000	•		.1/2		
Good	will= Super profit x Number of years' purchase = ₹2,60,000 x 3 = ₹7,80,000			1		Altowned
Alter	nate answer:					<u>Alternate</u> <u>Answer</u>
Intere	est on capital employed= 10/100 x₹12,00,000= ₹1,20,0	00				
Partne	ers salary= $₹10,000 + ₹10,000 = ₹20,000$					
Norm	al Profit= Interest on capital employed + Partners' sala	ary=₹1,20,000	)+₹20,	000=₹1,40,0	000 1	3 marks
1		5				

Avera	ge Super profit= Average profit =₹4,00,000- ₹1,40,000	- Normal profit							
	=₹2,60,000				1/2				
Goody	vill= Super profit x Number of y = ₹2,60,000 x 3 = ₹7,80,000				1				
-	s necessary journal entries	•••••							
Ans. (	l)	Books of K	Giero Ltd.						
		Jour	nal						
Date	Par	ticulars		L.F.	Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)			
	Bank A/c To Debenture Application a		Dr. /c		80,00,000	80,00,000			
	(Debenture application mon Debenture Application and Loss on Issue of Debentures	Allotment A/c	Dr. Dr.		80,00,000 8,00,000				
	To 9% Debentures A/c To Premium on Redemptio (Debenture application mon	on of Debenture ey transferred t	s A/c o debentures and		0,00,000	80,00,000 8,00,000	(1 x 2		
	premium on redemption of	debentures acco	unt)						
(ii)	(II) Books of Naro Ltd. Journal								
Date	Par	ticulars		L.F.	Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)	+		
	Bank A/c To Debenture Application (Debenture application mon		Dr. A/c		52,50,000	52,50,000			
	Debenture Application and Loss on Issue of Debentures	Allotment A/c	Dr. Dr.		52,50,000 5,00,000				
	To 10% Debentures A/c To Securities Premium A/c To Premium on Redemptio	on of Debenture				50,00,000 2,50,000 5,00,000	(1 x 2		
	(Debenture application mon premium on redemption of e	•					- 4 mark		
Q. Raja, Bharat and Vedika were partners in Ans.									
	Books of Raja, Bharat and Vedika								
Dr.	Particulars	Vedika <sup>*</sup> Amount	's Capital A/c Porti	culars		Cr. Amount			
		Amount (₹)				Amount (₹)			
	awings A/c	12,000	By Balance b/d			90,000	1/ 0		
To Ve	edika's Executors A/c	1,09,400	By General Reserv By Interest on Cap			10,000	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> x 8		
			By P& L Suspense By Raja's Capital	e A/c	,	2,400 3,000 8,000	=		
			By Bharat's Capita			8,000	4		
			Dy Dharat S Capita			0,000	-		

D) Sub C) ₹7,	,000 ,00,000 oscribed capital ,77,000 e necessary journal entries Books of Sami and Usha Journal		Dr. Amount (₹) 7,000	Cr. Amount (₹) 7,000	1 x 6 = 6 marks
D) 77,( B) ₹7, C) ₹8, D) Sub C) ₹7, ass the	,000 ,00,000 oscribed capital ,77,000 e necessary journal entries Books of Sami and Usha Journal te Particulars Realisation A/c Dr To Bank A/c Dr (Creditors took over investments, remaining amount was paid through a cheque) Cash/ Bank A/c Dr		Amount (₹) 7,000	Amount (₹)	= 6
(B) ₹7. (C) ₹8, (C) Sub (C) ₹7, (ass the	,000 ,00,000 oscribed capital ,77,000 e necessary journal entries Books of Sami and Usha Journal te Particulars Realisation A/c Dr To Bank A/c Dr (Creditors took over investments, remaining amount was paid through a cheque) Cash/ Bank A/c Dr		Amount (₹) 7,000	Amount (₹)	= 6
C) ₹8, D) Sub C) ₹7, ass the	,00,000 oscribed capital ,77,000 e necessary journal entries Books of Sami and Usha Journal te Particulars Realisation A/c Dr To Bank A/c (Creditors took over investments, remaining amount was paid through a cheque) Cash/ Bank A/c Dr		Amount (₹) 7,000	Amount (₹)	= 6
D) Sub C) ₹7, ass the	e necessary journal entries Books of Sami and Usha Journal te Particulars Realisation A/c Dr To Bank A/c (Creditors took over investments, remaining amount was paid through a cheque) Cash/ Bank A/c Dr		Amount (₹) 7,000	Amount (₹)	
(C) ₹7,	,77,000 e necessary journal entries Books of Sami and Usha Journal te Particulars Realisation A/c Dr To Bank A/c (Creditors took over investments, remaining amount was paid through a cheque) Cash/ Bank A/c Dr		Amount (₹) 7,000	Amount (₹)	
ass the	e necessary journal entries Books of Sami and Usha Journal te Particulars Realisation A/c Dr To Bank A/c (Creditors took over investments, remaining amount was paid through a cheque) Cash/ Bank A/c Dr		Amount (₹) 7,000	Amount (₹)	
	Books of Sami and Usha Journal         Journal         Realisation A/c       Dr         To Bank A/c       Dr         (Creditors took over investments, remaining amount was paid through a cheque)       Dr         Cash/ Bank A/c       Dr		Amount (₹) 7,000	Amount (₹)	
Dat	Journal       te     Particulars       Realisation A/c     Dr       To Bank A/c     Dr       (Creditors took over investments, remaining amount was paid through a cheque)     Dr       Cash/ Bank A/c     Dr		Amount (₹) 7,000	Amount (₹)	
Dat	Journal       te     Particulars       Realisation A/c     Dr       To Bank A/c     Dr       (Creditors took over investments, remaining amount was paid through a cheque)     Dr       Cash/ Bank A/c     Dr		Amount (₹) 7,000	Amount (₹)	
Dat	Realisation A/c       Dr         To Bank A/c       (Creditors took over investments, remaining amount was paid through a cheque)         Cash/ Bank A/c       Dr		Amount (₹) 7,000	Amount (₹)	
	To Bank A/c(Creditors took over investments, remaining amount was paid through a cheque)Cash/ Bank A/cDr		7,000		
	paid through a cheque)Cash/ Bank A/cDr	<u>.</u>	15.000		
	(Bad debts recovered)		15,000	15,000	
	Usha's Loan A/c Dr To Cash / Bank A/c To Realisation A/c		16,000	14,000 2,000	
	Usha's Capital A/c		10,000 10,000		1 x 6
	(Stock taken over by Sami and Usha in their profit sharing ratio)			20,000	=
	Sami's Capital A/cDrTo Cash/ Bank A/cDr		9,000	9,000	mark
	Usha's Capital A/cDrCash/ Bank A/cDrTo Realisation A/c(Usha took over 50% of the furniture, remaining furniture)		18,000 24,000	42,000	
) Alti					
	) Alti	Usha's Capital A/c To Realisation A/c (Stock taken over by Sami and Usha in their profit sharing ratio) Sami's Capital A/c Dr To Cash/ Bank A/c (Firm paid realisation expenses on behalf of Sami) Usha's Capital A/c Cash/ Bank A/c To Realisation A/c	Usha's Capital A/c To Realisation A/c (Stock taken over by Sami and Usha in their profit sharing ratio)Sami's Capital A/c To Cash/ Bank A/c (Firm paid realisation expenses on behalf of Sami)Usha's Capital A/c Cash/ Bank A/c (Firm paid realisation expenses on behalf of Sami)Usha's Capital A/c To Realisation A/c (Usha took over 50% of the furniture, remaining furniture sold at a profit)	Usha's Capital A/c To Realisation A/c (Stock taken over by Sami and Usha in their profit sharing ratio)10,000Sami's Capital A/c To Cash/ Bank A/c (Firm paid realisation expenses on behalf of Sami)9,000Usha's Capital A/c (Firm paid realisation expenses on behalf of Sami)9,000Usha's Capital A/c (Cash/ Bank A/c To Realisation A/c (Usha took over 50% of the furniture, remaining furniture sold at a profit)10,000	Usha's Capital A/c To Realisation A/c (Stock taken over by Sami and Usha in their profit sharing ratio)10,000Sami's Capital A/c To Cash/ Bank A/c (Firm paid realisation expenses on behalf of Sami)Dr. 9,000Usha's Capital A/c (Firm paid realisation expenses on behalf of Sami)Dr. 18,000Usha's Capital A/c (Cash/ Bank A/c Cash/ Bank A/c To Realisation A/c (Usha took over 50% of the furniture, remaining furniture sold at a profit)10,000

Date	Journal Particulars		L.F.	Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)	
	Bank A/c	Dr.		16,80,000	· · ·	
	To Equity Share Application and Allotment A/c (Application money received on 2,40,000 shares @₹7 per including premium ₹1)	er share,			16,80,000	
	Equity Share Application and Allotment A/c	Dr.		16,80,000		
	To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c	DI.		10,00,000	12,00,000 2,00,000	
	To Bank A/c (Transfer of application money to share capital and	excess			2,80,000	
	application money refunded) Equity Share First and Final call A/c	Dr.		14,00,000		
	To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c	DI.		14,00,000	8,00,000 6,00,000	1
	(Amount due on share first and final call)					=
	Bank A/c	Dr.		13,72,000	12 72 000	
	To Equity Share First and Final call A/c (Amount received on share first and final call) <b>or</b>				13,72,000	ma
	Bank A/c	Dr.		13,72,000		
	Call in arrears A/c	Dr.		28,000		
	To Equity Share First and Final Call A/c				14,00,000	
	(Amount received on share first and final call) Equity Share Capital A/c	Dr.		40,000		
	Securities Premium A/c	Dr. Dr.		40,000		
	To Share Forfeiture A/c To Equity Share First and Final Call/ Calls in Arrears A			-2,000	24,000 28,000	
	(4000 shares forfeited for non-payment of first and firmoney)					
	Bank A/c	Dr.		16,000		
	Share Forfeiture A/c	Dr.		24,000		
	To Equity Share capital A/c (Reissue of 4,000 shares at ₹4 per share fully paid)				40,000	
<b>)</b> (L) I	OR	0				0
į. (d) 1 i)	Pass necessary journal entries for forfeiture and reissu	τ				
-,	Books of Macil Ltd. Journal					
Date	Particulars		L.F.	Dr.	Cr.	
				Amount (₹)	(₹)	
	Share Capital A/c Securities Premium A/c	Dr. Dr.		2,40,000 30,000		
	To Share Forfeiture A/c	Dr.		30,000	60,000	
	To Share Allotment A/c				90,000	
	To Share First Call A/c	16 1			1,20,000	
	(3000 shares forfeited for non-payment of allotment an money)	d first call				
				1		1

1		03,300				03,300	
лиуа	5 capital 770. <u>15,000</u>	<u>63,500</u>				<u>63,500</u>	+
	's Capital A/c 45,000 s capital A/c. <u>15,000</u>	60,000					
	ofit transferred to:		By Creditors	A/c		3,500	(½ x
To Pr	ovision for doubtful debts	3,500	By Machinery	y A/c		60,000	
	Particulars	Amount (₹)	Partic	culars		Amount (₹)	
Dr.		Revaluation	n A/c		r	Cr.	
Ans.		Books of Aryan a	nd Adya				
- ( )	si yan anu Auya were pariners n	u a 111111					
$\mathbf{O}(\mathbf{a})$	Aryan and Adya were partners in	n a fium					<u> </u>
	(Balance in share forfeiture accou	unt transferred to ca	pital reserve)				
	To Capital Reserve A/c					16,000	
	Share Forfeiture A/c	i share runy paru up	Dr.		16,000		
	To Share Capital A/c (Reissue of 4,000 shares @₹9 per	r share fully paid up	)			40,000	ma
	Share Forfeiture A/c		Dr.		4,000	40.000	6
	Bank A/c		Dr.	1	36,000		=
	(10,000 shares forfeited for non-		money)			40,000	
	To Share Forfeiture A/c To Share First Call/ Calls in Arr	rears A/c				50,000 40,000	(1)
	Share Capital A/c		Dr.		90,000		
					Amount (₹)	Amount (₹)	
Date	Parti	Journal culars		L.F.	Dr.	Cr.	
		Books of Avian Lt	d.				
(ii)							-
<u> </u>			pital 1050170)	<u>                                      </u>		<u> </u>	
	To Capital Reserve A/c (Balance in share forfeiture account)	int transferred to ca	nital recerve)			40,000	
	Share Forfeiture A/c		Dr.	1	40,000		
	To Securities Premium A/c (Reissue of 2,000 shares @₹90 p	er share ₹80 naid ur	))			20,000	
	To Share Capital A/c					1,60,000	
	Bank A/c		Dr.	1	1,80,000		
	(5000 shares forfeited for hon-pa money)	ayment of another	i and mot vall				
	To Calls in Arrears A/c (3000 shares forfeited for non-pa	avment of allotmen	t and first call			2,10,000	
							(1 x
	Securities Premium A/c To Share Forfeiture A/c		Dr.		30,000	60,000	(1:

Dr.		]	Partners' (	Capital Accounts			Cr.	
Particulars	Aryan (₹)	Adya (₹)	Dev (₹)	Particulars	Aryan (₹)	Adya (₹)	Dev (₹)	
To Profit & Loss A/c	15,000	5,000		By balance $b/d$ $\frac{1}{2}$	3,20,000	2,40,000		
$\int o \text{ balance } c/d \frac{1/2}{2}$	3,95,000	2,65,000	1,65,000	By Cash A/c 1			1,65,000	
				By Premium for goodwill A/c $\frac{1}{2}$	30,000	10,000		2
				By Workmen Compensation Reserve	15,000	5,000		=
				By Revaluation A/c ½	45,000	15,000		ma
	4,10,000	2,70,000	1,65,000		4,10,000	2,70,000	1,65,000	

## OR

OR

## Q. (b) Ashish, Vinit and Reema were partners sharing...

Ans.

ate	Particulars		L.F.	Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)
	Patents A/c	Dr.		20,000	
	To Revaluation A/c				20,000
	(Patents were found undervalued by 20%)				
	Revaluation A/c	Dr.		10,000	
	To Stock A/c				10,000
	(Value of stock reduced)				
	Revaluation A/c	Dr.		10,000	
	To Ashish's Capital A/c				4,000
	To Vinit's Capital A/c				4,000
	To Reema's Capital A/c				2,000
	(Profit on revaluation credited to partners' capital accounts	5)			
	General Reserve A/c	Dr.		50,000	
	To Ashish's Capital A/c				20,000
	To Vinit's Capital A/c				20,000
	To Reema's Capital A/c				10,000
	(General Reserve credited to partners' capital accounts)				
	1	Dr.		12,000	
	1	Dr.		12,000	
	To Vinit's Capital A/c				24,000
	(Vinit's share of goodwill adjusted in the capital account	ounts of			
	Ashish and Reema in the gaining ratio)				
	1	Dr.		2,48,000	
	To Cash A/c				20,000
	To Vinit's Loan A/c				2,28,000
	(Vinit was paid ₹20,000 on retirement, and the balance tra	insferred			
	to his loan account)				

	PART B OPTION 1 (Analysis of Financial Statements)								
27	Q. (a)	Which of the follo	wing are operating activiti	es	1				
	Ans. (	(B) (i) and (iii)			1 mark				
	OR								
	<b>Q.</b> (b)	) Which of the follo	wing statements is incorre	ct?	1 mark				
	Ans. (C) Receipt from interest and dividend will result in cash inflow from financing activities								
28	Inves	atement 1: ting activities are t (A) Both the Statem	he acquisition and disposal ents are true.	l	1 mark				
29	Q. (a)	The tool of analysis	of						
	Ans. (	(A) Comparative state	ements		1 mark				
	OR Q. (b) Ratios that are calculated for measuring the efficiency								
	Ans. (C) Turnover ratios								
30	Q. Th	e Debt Equity Ratio	of Manak Enterprises		1				
	Ans. (	C) Issue of debenture	s ₹6,00,000		mark				
31	Q. Cl	assify the following	items under major heads.						
	Ans.								
		Item	Major head	Sub-head					
	(i)	Calls in advance	Current Liabilities	Other Current Liabilities	½ x 6				
	(ii)	Licences and Franchise	Non- Current Assets	Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets – Intangible Assets	= 3 marks				
	(iii)	Prepaid Insurance	Current Assets	Other Current Assets					
32	Q. Fr Ans.	om the following ir	formation of NK Ltd						

				Percentage of Revenue from operations			
Particulars	2022-23 (₹)	2023-24 (₹)	2022-23 (%)	2023-24 (%)			
Revenue from Operations	10,00,000	20,00,000	100	100	1⁄2		
Less: Cost of materials consumed	3,00,000	5,00,000	30	25	1/2	m	
Employee benefit expenses	1,00,000	2,00,000	10	10	1/2		
Total Expenses	4,00,000	7,00,000	40	35			
Profit before tax	6,00,000	13,00,000	60	65	1⁄2		
Less Income Tax @40%	2,40,000	5,20,000	24	26	1⁄2		
Profit after tax	3,60,000	7,80,000	36	39	1⁄2		
Ans. Total purchases = Cash purchases ⇒ ₹15,00,000= ¼ Credit purchases ⇒ ₹15,00,000= 5/4 Credit ⇒ Credit Purchases ₹15,00 ⇒ Credit purchases= ₹12,0	urchases + Credit j Purchases ),000 x 4/5	purchases		1			
Total purchases = Cash purchases $\Rightarrow \ \table 15,00,000 = \frac{1}{4}$ Credit purchases $\Rightarrow \ \table 15,00,000 = \frac{5}{4}$ Credit $\Rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	urchases + Credit j Purchases ),000 x 4/5 0,000 Jet Credit purchas Trade Payables	purchases es/ Average Tra	ade Payables	_			
Total purchases = Cash purchases ⇒ ₹15,00,000= ¼ Credit pu ⇒ ₹15,00,000= 5/4 Credit ⇒ Credit Purchases ₹15,00 ⇔ Credit purchases ₹12,00 Trade payables turnover ratio= N	urchases + Credit p Purchases ),000 x 4/5 0,000 Jet Credit purchas Trade Payables = ₹3,00,000 ing Trade Payables rade Payables + 2 = ₹3,00,000 x 2/3	purchases es/ Average Tra es + Closing Tra Opening Trade	ade Payables ade Payables)/2 Payables)/2			M	
Total purchases = Cash purchases $\Rightarrow \ \table 15,00,000 = \frac{1}{4}$ Credit purchases $\Rightarrow \ \table 15,00,000 = \frac{5}{4}$ Credit $\Rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	urchases + Credit j Purchases $0,000 \ge 4/5$ 0,000 = 4/5 0,000 = 1000 Net Credit purchas Trade Payables = ₹3,00,000 = 12 ing Trade Payables + 2 $= ₹3,00,000 \ge 2/3$ = ₹2,00,000 = 12 ening Trade Payables $= 2 \ge ₹2,00,000$ = 12000	purchases es/ Average Tra es + Closing Tra Opening Trade bles	ade Payables ade Payables)/2 Payables)/2	] 			
Total purchases = Cash purchases $\Rightarrow \ \label{eq:starses}$ Total purchases = Cash purchases $\Rightarrow \ \label{eq:starses}$ Total purchases = $\ \label{eq:starses}$ Credit purchases = $\ \label{eq:starses}$ Trade payables turnover ratio = N $\Rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	urchases + Credit p Purchases ),000 x 4/5 0,000 Jet Credit purchas Trade Payables = ₹3,00,000 ing Trade Payables + 2 == ₹3,00,000 x 2/3 == ₹2,00,000 ening Trade Payables = 2 x ₹2,00,000 =	purchases es/ Average Tra es + Closing Tra Opening Trade bles	ade Payables ade Payables)/2 Payables)/2	] 		M	

	⇒ Profit before Interest and	1 tax= ₹4.80.	000			1	
	Capital employed= Shareholders						4 marl
	<ul> <li>⇒ Capital employed= ₹ 16</li> <li>⇒ Capital employed= ₹ 24</li> </ul>					1	
	⇒ Capital employed= ₹ 24	,00,000	 or	•••••		1	
	Capital employed= Non-Current	assets + Cur	• -	- Curre	nt Liabilities		
	⇔ Capital employed = ₹21.						
	$\Rightarrow$ Capital employed= ₹24,		,,	))			
	Return on investment= (₹4,80,00		·				
	$\Rightarrow$ Return on investment=2	20%		••••••		1	
ŀ	Q. (a) From the following info	mation					
	Ans.						
	Calcul	ation of Cas	h Flows fro	om Inve	esting Activities		
		for the yea	r ended 31	l <sup>st</sup> Marc	h 2024		
	Particulars				(₹)	(₹)	
	Purchase of Machinery				(1,30,000)	(-)	
	Sale of Machinery				33,000		(1 x 3
	Net Cash used in Investing A	ctivities				(97,000)	
							+
	Dr.	]	Machinery	A/c		Cr.	
	Particulars		Amount		Particulars	Amount	
			(₹)			(₹)	
	To Balance b/d		3,00,000		nk/Cash A/c	33,000	
	To Statement of Profit & Loss-		3,000	By Ac	cumulated Depreciation	A/c 20,000	1
	Profit on sale To Bank/ Cash A/c		1 20 000	Dr. Da	1	2 80 000	
	(Balancing figure)		1,30,000	Бу Ба	lance c/d	3,80,000	
	(Dataliening figure)		4,33,000			4,33,000	
	Dr Ac						
							+
	Dr	Δ.	cumulated	Donro	ciation A/c	Cr	
	Dr. Particulars		ccumulated			Cr. Amount	
	Dr. Particulars	Ad Amount (₹)			ciation A/c 'articulars	Cr. Amount (₹)	
		Amount	t		articulars	Amount	
	Particulars	Amount (₹)	t 000 By Ba 000 By De	P	<b>articulars</b>	Amount (₹)	_ ·

	PART B OPTION II	
	(Computerised Accounting)	
27	Q. (a) To safeguard assets	1
	Ans. (C) keep internal checks and controls	1 mark
	OR	OR
	Q. (b) Which of the following	1
	Ans. (B) Sundry creditors	mark
28	Q. Which of the following is an adjustment	
	Ans. (D) Journal voucher	1 mark
29	Q. (a) Which of the following	
	Ans. (B) Unprogrammed and un-specific reports cannot be generated	1 mark
	OR	OR
	Q. (b) The need for codification	1
	Ans. (D) the encryption of data	mark
30	Q. To see all the available	1 mark
	Ans. (A) More	т шагк
31	Q. What is meant by 'Data'	
	<ul><li>Ans.</li><li>(a) Data: Data item or data element is the smallest name unit of data in the information system. These are processed through an accounting software to generate different sets of information in the form of accounting reports such as journals, etc.</li><li>(b) Information: The information may be viewed as data at one level and when it is processed keeping in</li></ul>	1 x 3 =
	<ul><li>view the requirements of decision maker. It becomes the information at another level.</li><li>(c) Transaction: Transaction consists of four data elements such as name of account, accounting code, date of transaction and amount. The transaction is a record of inflow and outflow of resources.</li></ul>	3 marks
32	Q. List six features of an	
	Ans. (Any six)	
	<ol> <li>(1) It can perform basic accounting functions.</li> <li>(2) It can manage stores.</li> <li>(3) Do the job costing</li> </ol>	
	<ul><li>(4) Manage Payroll</li><li>(5) Get many Management Information System reports which are useful for day to day functions.</li></ul>	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> x 6

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	(6) Eile tox notymes like meaning Delence Sheet Due fit and loss Statement VAT former TDS notymes	_
	(6) File tax returns like prepare Balance Sheet, Profit and loss Statement, VAT forms, TDS returns, Service tax returns, etc.	=
	(7) Manage budget and scenarios.	3 marks
	(8) Calculate interest on pending amount.	
	(9) Manage data over different locations and synchronize it with m other features.	
33	Q. (a) Each and every data	
	Ans.	
	(1) Labels: (Text) are descriptive data such as names, months and usually include alphabetic characters. Excel aligns text to the left side of the cell.	
	(2) Values: (Numbers) are generally raw numbers or dates.	
	• Whole Value: If the data is a whole value such as 34 or 5763, Excel aligns the data to the right side of the cell.	1 x 4
	• Value with a decimal: If the data is a decimal value, Excel aligns the data to the right side of the cell including the decimal point, with exception of a trailing 0. If we enter 3.75 then 3.75 displays; such as 3.70 will display as 3.7. We can change the display appearance column width and alignment of data.	– 4 marks
	(3) Formulas are instructions for Excel to perform calculations.	
	(4) Date: This format is dependent to country specific format.	OR
	OR	OK
	Q. (b) What is meant by	
	<b>Ans.</b> Data Validation is a feature to define restriction on type of data entered into a cell. It is invaluable because it is necessary that data must be accurate and consistent.	1
	Error Alert Tab Enables:	
	(a) To display the error alert after invalid data is entered in the box.	+
	(b) Enter message allows to type the desired message for user and title for reference purpose.	
	(c) In style drop-down menu select information, warning or stop as per the severity and accuracy requirement for data where	(1 x 3)
	(i) Information displays a message but will prevent entry of invalid data.	=
	(ii) Warning: displays a warning message but will not prevent entry of invalid data.	4 marks
	(iii) Stop: will prevent invalid entry of data.	
34	Q. If the user wishes to change	
	Ans. Changing the text format:	
	To format the text in chart elements. We can use regular text formatting options or we can apply a 'WordArt Format'.	

<ul> <li>Right click the text or select the text to format and then do one of the following:         <ul> <li>Click the formatting options that we want on the 'Mini toolbar'.</li> <li>On the 'HOME' tab in the 'FONT" group, click the formatting buttons that we want to use.</li> <li>To use WordArt Styles to format text, use chart elements in the following steps:                 <ul> <li>In a chart, click the chart element that contains the text to be changed or do the following from the list of chart elements.</li> <li>Click, anywhere in the chart.</li> <li>Display the chart tools adding the Design Layout and format tab.</li> <li>On the Format tab, in the Current selection group, click arrow next to Chart Elements box and then select the chart element to format.</li> <li>On the format tab, in the WordArt Styles group, do one of following.</li> <li>Click on MORE.</li> <li>See and select from the following options:</li> <li>To the following options:</li></ul></li></ul></li></ul>	Click th	e chart element that contains the text to format.	
<ul> <li>On the 'HOME' tab in the 'FONT" group, click the formatting buttons that we want to use.</li> <li>To use WordArt Styles to format text, use chart elements in the following steps:         <ul> <li>In a chart, click the chart element that contains the text to be changed or do the following from the list of chart elements.</li> <li>(i) Click, anywhere in the chart.</li> <li>(ii) Display the chart tools adding the Design Layout and format tab.</li> <li>(iv) On the Format tab, in the Current selection group, click arrow next to Chart Elements box and then select the chart element to format.</li> <li>(v) On the format tab, in the WordArt Styles group, do one of following.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Click on MORE. See and select from the following options:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Right cl</li> </ul>	ick the text or select the text to format and then do one of the following:	
<ul> <li>To use WordArt Styles to format text, use chart elements in the following steps:         <ul> <li>(i) In a chart, click the chart element that contains the text to be changed or do the following from the list of chart elements.</li> <li>(ii) Click, anywhere in the chart.</li> <li>(iii) Display the chart tools adding the Design Layout and format tab.</li> <li>(iv) On the Format tab, in the Current selection group, click arrow next to Chart Elements box and then select the chart element to format.</li> <li>(v) On the format tab, in the WordArt Styles group, do one of following.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Click on MORE. See and select from the following options:</li> </ul>	- C	lick the formatting options that we want on the 'Mini toolbar'.	
(i)       In a chart, click the chart element that contains the text to be changed or do the following from the list of chart elements.       6         (ii)       Click, anywhere in the chart.       marks         (iii)       Display the chart tools adding the Design Layout and format tab.       marks         (iv)       On the Format tab, in the Current selection group, click arrow next to Chart Elements box and then select the chart element to format.       (v)         (v)       On the format tab, in the WordArt Styles group, do one of following.       • Click on MORE.         See and select from the following options:       • Click on the following options:	- C	on the 'HOME' tab in the 'FONT" group, click the formatting buttons that we want to use.	
<ul> <li>(i) In a chart, click the chart element that contains the text to be changed or do the following from the list of chart elements.</li> <li>(ii) Click, anywhere in the chart.</li> <li>(iii) Display the chart tools adding the Design Layout and format tab.</li> <li>(iv) On the Format tab, in the Current selection group, click arrow next to Chart Elements box and then select the chart element to format.</li> <li>(v) On the format tab, in the WordArt Styles group, do one of following.</li> <li>Click on MORE.</li> <li>See and select from the following options:</li> </ul>	- T	o use WordArt Styles to format text, use chart elements in the following steps:	(
<ul> <li>(iii) Display the chart tools adding the Design Layout and format tab.</li> <li>(iv) On the Format tab, in the Current selection group, click arrow next to Chart Elements box and then select the chart element to format.</li> <li>(v) On the format tab, in the WordArt Styles group, do one of following.</li> <li>Click on MORE.</li> <li>See and select from the following options:</li> </ul>	(i)		-
<ul> <li>(iii) Display the chart tools adding the Design Layout and format tab.</li> <li>(iv) On the Format tab, in the Current selection group, click arrow next to Chart Elements box and then select the chart element to format.</li> <li>(v) On the format tab, in the WordArt Styles group, do one of following.</li> <li>Click on MORE.</li> <li>See and select from the following options:</li> </ul>	(ii)	Click, anywhere in the chart.	
<ul> <li>(iv) On the Format tab, in the Current selection group, click arrow next to Chart Elements box and then select the chart element to format.</li> <li>(v) On the format tab, in the WordArt Styles group, do one of following.</li> <li>Click on MORE.</li> <li>See and select from the following options:</li> </ul>	· · ·	•	
<ul> <li>Click on MORE.</li> <li>See and select from the following options:</li> </ul>		On the Format tab, in the Current selection group, click arrow next to Chart Elements box	
See and select from the following options:	(v)	On the format tab, in the WordArt Styles group, do one of following.	
See and select from the following options:	Click or	MORE	
6 1			
X Lext F11	x Text Fil		
x Text Outline	x Text Oı	Itline	
x Shadow			
x 3D Format	x 3D For	nat	
x 3D Rotation	x 3D Rota	ation	
x Text Box	x Text Bo	X	