# MARKING SCHEME STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL FOR INTERNAL AND RESTRICTED LISE ONLY

(FOR INTERNAL AND RESTRICTED USE ONLY)

### SENIOR SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 2025

ACCOUNTANCY (SUBJECT CODE—055)

(QUESTION PAPER CODE—67/2/1)

#### **General Instructions:**

- 1 You are aware that evaluation is the most important process in the actual and correct assessment of the candidates. A small mistake in evaluation may lead to serious problems which may affect the future of the candidates, education system and teaching profession. To avoid mistakes, it is requested that before starting evaluation, you must read and understand the spot evaluation guidelines carefully
- 2 "Evaluation policy is a confidential policy as it is related to the confidentiality of the examinations conducted, Evaluation done and several other aspects. Its' leakage to public in any manner could lead to derailment of the examination system and affect the life and future of millions of candidates. Sharing this policy/document to anyone, publishing in any magazine and printing in News Paper/Website etc. may invite action under various rules of the Board and IPC."
- 3 Evaluation is to be done as per instructions provided in the Marking Scheme. It should not be done according to one's own interpretation or any other consideration. Marking Scheme should be strictly adhered to and religiously followed. However, while evaluating, answers which are based on latest information or knowledge and/or are innovative, they may be assessed for their correctness otherwise and due marks be awarded to them.
- 4 The Marking scheme carries only suggested value points for the answers. These are in the nature of Guidelines only and do not constitute the complete answer. The students can have their own expression and if the expression is correct, the due marks should be awarded accordingly.
- 5 The Head-Examiner must go through the first five answer books evaluated by each evaluator on the first day, to ensure that evaluation has been carried out as per the instructions given in the Marking Scheme. If there is any variation, the same should be zero after deliberation and discussion. The remaining answer books meant for evaluation shall be given only after ensuring that there is no significant variation in the marking of individual evaluators
- 6 Evaluators will mark( √) wherever answer is correct. For wrong answer CROSS 'X" be marked. Evaluators will not put right (√)while evaluating which gives an impression that answer is correct and no marks are awarded. This is most common mistake which evaluators are committing.
- 7 If a question has parts, please award marks on the right-hand side for each part. Marks awarded for different parts of the question should then be totaled up and written in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may be followed strictly
- 8 If a question does not have any parts, marks must be awarded in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may also be followed strictly
- **9** If a student has attempted an extra question, answer of the question deserving more marks should be retained and the other answer scored out with a note **"Extra Question"**.
- 10 No marks to be deducted for the cumulative effect of an error. It should be penalized only once.

- **11** A full scale of **80** marks as given in Question Paper has to be used. Please do not hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it.
- 12 Every examiner has to necessarily do evaluation work for full working hours i.e., 8 hours every day and evaluate 20 answer books per day in main subjects and 25 answer books per day in other subjects (Details are given in Spot Guidelines)
- **13** Ensure that you do not make the following common types of errors committed by the Examiner in the past:-
  - Leaving answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book.
  - Leaving answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book.
  - Wrong totaling of marks awarded on an answer.
  - Wrong transfer of marks from the inside pages of the answer book to the title page.
  - Wrong question wise totaling on the title page.
  - Wrong totaling of marks of the two columns on the title page.
  - Wrong grand total.
  - Marks in words and figures not tallying/not same.
  - Wrong transfer of marks from the answer book to online award list.
  - Answers marked as correct, but marks not awarded. (Ensure that the right tick mark is correctly and clearly indicated. It should merely be a line. Same is with the X for incorrect answer.)
  - Half or a part of answer marked correct and the rest as wrong, but no marks awarded.
- 14 While evaluating the answer books if the answer is found to be totally incorrect, it should be marked as cross (X) and awarded zero (0) marks
- 15 Any un assessed portion, non-carrying over of marks to the title page, or totaling error detected by the candidate shall damage the prestige of all the personnel engaged in the evaluation work as also of the Board. Hence, in order to uphold the prestige of all concerned, it is again reiterated that the instructions be followed meticulously and judiciously.
- **16** The Examiners should acquaint themselves with the guidelines given in the "**Guidelines for spot Evaluation**" before starting the actual evaluation.
- 17 Every Examiner shall also ensure that all the answers are evaluated, marks carried over to the title page, correctly totaled and written in figures and words.
- 18 The candidates are entitled to obtain photocopy of the Answer Book on request on payment of the prescribed processing fee. All Examiners/Additional Head Examiners/Head Examiners are once again reminded that they must ensure that evaluation is carried out strictly as per value points for each answer as given in the Marking Scheme.

	MARKING SCHEME	
67 /2	ACCOUNTANCY (055)	
/1	EXPECTED ANSWERS / VALUE POINTS	
-	SECTION A	
1	Q. Arun, Bashir and Joseph were partners	
	<b>Ans</b> . (B) 1/5	1 mark
2	Q. Eliza, Fenn and Garry	
	<b>Ans.</b> (A) ₹30,000	1 mark
3	Q. Wayne, Shaan and Bryan were	
	<b>Ans.</b> (D) ₹10,000	1 mark
4	Q. Pulkit and Ravinder were partners	
	Ans. (A) Pulkit's Capital Account ₹10,00,000	1 mark
5	Q. Kajal and Laura were partners in a firm	
	<b>Ans</b> . (A) ₹1,00,000	1 mark
6	Q. The maximum number of partners	
	<b>Ans.</b> (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).	1 mark
7	Q. Nandita and Prabha were partners	
	<b>Ans.</b> (D) ₹15,000	1 mark
8	Q. Radhika, Mehar and Shubha were partners in a firm	
	Ans. (D) ₹4,20,000	1 mark
9	Q. Suhas and Vilas were partners in a firm	
	<b>Ans</b> .(D) ₹20,000	1 mark
10	Q. Offer of securities or invitation	
	Ans. (C) Private placement of shares	1 mark

11	Q. Ajay L	td. forfeited			
	<b>Ans.</b> (B) =	₹4			1 mark
12	Q. (a) Th	e amount of share capital which			
	<b>Ans.</b> (A) 1	Nominal Capital			1 mark
	Q. (b) Ac	OR cording to Securities and Exchange Board of India			OR
	<b>Ans.</b> (B) I	ssued Capital			1 mark
13	Q. (a) De	bentures on which a company			
	<b>Ans.</b> (C) F	Perpetual Debentures			1 mark
		OR			OR
	Q. (b) If t	he amount of debentures issued			
	<b>Ans.</b> (B) (	Goodwill			1 mark
14	Q. (a) Th	e following journal entry			
	<b>Ans</b> . (B) 5	5%			1 mark
		OR			OR
	Q. (b) Ze	ba Ltd. Issued			1
	Ans. (A) ELOSS.	₹1,00,000 out of Securities Premium Account and ₹50,00	0 out of Statement o	of Profit and	mark
15	Q. (a) An	isha, Deepa and Charu were partners in a firm			
		Anisha's sacrifice 3/10; Charu's gain 3/10			1 mark
		OR			OR
	Q. (b) Pre	eet and Saral were partners			
	Ans. (D)				
		Particulars	Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)	1
	(D)	Saral's Capital A/c Dr. To Preet's Capital A/c	10,000	10,000	mark

16	Q. (a)	Ishan,	Jatin and Kapil were partners in a firm				
	Ans. (	D) 7:3					1 mark
			OR				OR
	Q. (b)	Sakshi	i, Kiara and Gunjan				1
	Ans. (	A) ₹3,0	00,000				mark
17	Q. An	ubha a	nd Yuvika were partners in a firm				
	Ans.						
			Books of Anubha and Yuvika Journal				
	Date	Par	ticulars	L.F.	Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)	
	2024 Apr.:	1 Yuv	ika's Capital A/c Dr. ika's Capital A/c Dr. Profit and Loss A/c		1,50,000 1,00,000	2,50,000	1
		(De	bit balance of profit and loss account debited to the partners heir old profit sharing ratio)			2,50,000	•
	Apr.:	То	ika's Capital A/c Dr. Anubha's Capital A/c justment of General reserve due to change in profit sharing o)		10,000	10,000	1
	Old i New Sacri Sacri	ficed s	3:2				1 = 3 Marks
18	Q. Su	nny an	d Ujjwal were partners				
	Ans.		Books of Sunny and Ujjwal				
		Date	Journal Particulars	L.F.	Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)	
	(i)	2024 Apr1	Investment Fluctuation Reserve A/c Dr. To Sunny's Capital A/c To Ujjwal's Capital A/c (Investment Fluctuation Reserve distributed among old partners in their old profit sharing ratio)		2,00,000	1,20,000 80,000	1

		Books of Apoorv Ltd. Journal				
Ans.						
Q. (a)	Apoo	rv Ltd. acquired building				
		Nevaluation accounty		I		
		Revaluation account)	out of			mar
		(Decrease in the value of investments met out of Investment Fluctuation Reserve and the balance				3
		To Investments A/c			3,00,000	1 =
		Revaluation A/c	Dr.	1,00,000	2 00 000	4
(iii)	"	Investment Fluctuation Reserve A/c	Dr.	2,00,000		
		Investment Fluctuation Reserve)				+
		(Decrease in the value of investments met out of	;			
		To Investments A/c			2,00,000	1
(ii)	"	Investment Fluctuation Reserve A/c	Dr.	2,00,000		

te	Particulars		L.F.	Dr.	Cr.
				Amount	Amount
				(₹)	(₹)
	Building A/c	Dr.		15,50,000	
	Machinery A/c	Dr.		11.40,000	
	Furniture A/c	Dr.		1,10,000	
	To Liabilities A/c				2,00,000
	To Dhruv Ltd.				25,00,000
	To Capital Reserve A/c				1,00,000
	(Assets and liabilities of Dhruv Ltd. tak	en over)			
	Dhruv Ltd.	Dr.		25,00,000	
	To 12% Debentures A/c				20,00,000
	To Securities Premium A/c				5,00,000
	(Issue of 20,000 debentures at a prem	ium of 25%)			
		·			

OR

Q. (b) Ajanta Ltd. purchased machinery...

Ans.

## Books of Ajanta Ltd. Journal

	Date	Particulars		L.F.	Dr.	Cr.
					Amount (₹)	Amount (₹)
(i)		Machinery A/c To Sujata Ltd. (Assets and liabilities of Rabi Ltd. taken over)	Dr.		36,00,000	36,00,000

1

(ii)	Sujata Ltd. To Bank A/c (Half the amount paid to Sujadraft)	ta Ltd. throuլ	Dr. gh a bank	18,00,000	18,00,000	1
(iii)	Sujata Ltd. Discount on issue of debentu To 8% Debentures A/c (2,000 debentures issued at 1		Dr. Dr. to Sujata Ltd.)	18,00,000 2,00,000	20,00,000	1 =
(If an exal	minee has combined entry (i) and	entry (ii) or	entry (ii) and enti	ry (iii), full credi	it is to be	3 marks
Ans.	Profit and for the year		oriation A/c March 2024		Cr.	
Particula	rrs	Amoun (₹)	t Particulars		Amount (₹)	
To Intere Aakash Baadal	est on Capital:  4,00,000 ½  3,00,000 ½	7,00,0	By Profit an (Net Profit)	d Loss A/c	13,00,000	
Aakash	transferred to capital accounts:  3,00,000 ½  are of deficiency 50,000 ½	2,50,0	000			3 Marks
Baadal Add defi	3,00,000 ½ ciency					
Received	I from Aakash <u>50,000 ½</u>	3,50,0 <b>13,00,</b> 0			13,00,000	
			<u>'''  </u>		<u>13,00,000</u>	
Q. (b) Par	Profit and for the year	OR rm s of Parul an I Loss Approp ar ended 31 <sup>st</sup>	priation A/c		Cr.	OR
Particula		Amount	Particulars		Amount	
	est on Capital:	(₹)	By Profit and Lo (Net Profit)	ss A/c	<b>(₹)</b> 1,26,000	
Parul   Rajul	54,000 ½ 72 <u>,000</u> ½	1,26,000				1½
		<u>1,26,000</u>			<u>1,26,000</u>	

							1
	Interes	st on Capital @12% p.a.					
		₹6,00,000 x 12/100 = ₹72,000					
		₹8,00,000 x 12/100 = ₹96,000					
	, -	of Interest on Capital 3:4					
							1 ½
	Net Pro	ofit ₹1,26,000					
		st on Capital in the ratio 3:4 will be:					
		₹1,26,000 x 3/7 = ₹54,000					=
	Rajul: ₹	₹1,26,000 x 4/7 = ₹72,000					3
	0 5:1						marks
21	Q. Ridyi	um Ltd. issued					
	Ans.						
	Alis.	Books of Ridy	ım Itd				
		Journal					
	Date	Particulars		L.F.	Dr.	Cr.	
					Amount	Amount	
					(₹)	(₹)	
		Bank A/c	Dr.		10,00,000	, ,	
		To Debenture Application A/c				10,00,000	1
		(Debenture application money received)					
		Debenture Application A/c	Dr.		10,00,000		
		To 9% Debentures A/c				10,00,000	1
		(Debenture application money transferred to	o debentures				
		account)					
				_	47 50 000		
		Debenture Allotment A/c	Dr.		17,50,000	15 00 000	1
		To 9% Debentures A/c To Securities Premium A/c				15,00,000	*
		(Debenture allotment money due)				2,50,000	
		(bebenture anothrent money due)					
		Bank A/c	Dr.	-	17,50,000		
		To Debenture Allotment A/c	Di.		17,50,000	17,50,000	1
		(Debenture allotment money received)				17,50,000	=
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					4
	ļ.			1			marks
22	Q. Sima	r, Tanvi and Umara were partners in					
	Ans.						
	(a)						
		vill= Average Profits x Number of years purchas					
	_	ge Profits= [₹2,50,000 + ₹4,00,000 + ₹3,00,000 -	+ (₹3,10,000) +	(₹2,0	0,000)]/ 5		
		Average Profits= ₹4,40,000/5					
		Average Profits= ₹88,000					
	Caad	::II _ ₹00,000 v 2					1
		/ill = ₹88,000 x 3					
	🛶	Goodwill = ₹2,64,000					

(b)

#### Books of Simar, Tanvi and Umara Journal

Date	Particulars	L.F.	Dr.	Cr.
			Amount	Amount
			(₹)	(₹)
2024	Simar's Capital A/c Di	•	54,000	
Jun30	Tanvi's Capital A/c D	·.	64,800	
	To Umara's Capital A/c			1,18,800
	(Umara's share of goodwill debited to Simar and Tanvi in	gaining		
	ratio)			

(c)

Umara's share of loss till the date of her death= ₹2,00,000 x 3/12 x 9/20 = ₹22,500

1

1

(d)

## Books of Simar, Tanvi and Umara Journal

Date	Particulars	L.F.	Dr.	Cr.
			Amount (₹)	Amount (₹)
2024	Umara's Capital A/c Dr.		22,500	
Jun30	To Profit and Loss Suspense A/c			22,500
	(Umara's share of loss upto the date of her death debited to	o her		
	Capital Account)			

marks

1

#### 23 Q. Pass necessary journal entries...

Ans.

#### Books of Rajesh, Somesh and Yogesh Journal

	Date	Particulars	L.F.	Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)	
(i)		Rajesh's Capital A/c Dr.		3,20,000	( )	
		To Realisation A/c			3,20,000	
		(Stock taken over by Rajesh at a discount of 20%)				
(ii)		Somesh's Capital A/c Dr.		80,000		
		To Realisation A/c			80,000	
		(Unrecorded furniture taken over by Somesh)				
(iii)		Bank A/c / Cash A/c Dr.		81,00,000		
		To Realisation A/c			81,00,000	
		(Land and building sold and commission paid to the				1 x 6
		broker)				
(iv)		Bank A/c / Cash A/c Dr.		42,000		=
		To Realisation A/c			42,000	
		(Recovered at 60% of the bad debts written off earlier)				6

	(v)	Realisation A/c	Dr.	2.	70,000		marks
	(-)	To Cash/ Bank A/c		-/-	. 0,000	2,70,000	
		(Sundry creditors settled at a discount of	10%)			2,70,000	
	(vi)	Realisation A/c	Dr.		21,000		
	(۷1)	To Yogesh's Capital A/c	Ы.	'	21,000	21,000	
		(Realisation expenses paid by Yogesh)				21,000	
24	O Foll	owing is the extract of the					
27	Q. I OII	owing is the extract of the					
	Ans.						
		£10,00,000					
	(1) (1)	(10,00,000					
	(ii) (D)	20 000					
	(, (5)	20,000					1 x 6
	(iii) (C)	₹2,00,000					
	(, (0)	(2)00)000					=
	(iv) (A)	₹1,60,000					
	, , , ,	•					6
	(v) (D)	₹1,20,000					marks
	. , . ,	, ,					
	(vi) (D)	NIL					
	. , , ,						
25	Q. (a)	Alexia Ltd. invited applications for issuing					
	Ans.						
		Books of Alexi	a Ltd.				
		Journal					
	Date	Particulars		L.F.	Dr.	Cr.	
	Date	Particulars			Dr. nount	Cr. Amount	
	Date	Particulars		An			
	Date	Particulars  Bank A/c	Dr.	An	nount	Amount	
	Date			An	nount (₹)	Amount	
	Date	Bank A/c	Dr.	An	nount (₹)	Amount (₹)	
	Date	Bank A/c To Equity Share Application A/c	Dr.	An	nount (₹)	Amount (₹)	
	Date	Bank A/c To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share	Dr.	13,5	nount (₹)	Amount (₹)	
	Date	Bank A/c To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6)	Dr. s @₹9 per	13,5	nount ( <b>₹)</b> 50,000	Amount (₹)	
	Date	Bank A/c To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6) Equity Share Application A/c	Dr. s @₹9 per	13,5	nount ( <b>₹)</b> 50,000	Amount (₹) 13,50,000	
	Date	Bank A/c To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6) Equity Share Application A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c	Dr. s @₹9 per	13,5	nount ( <b>₹)</b> 50,000	Amount (₹) 13,50,000 3,00,000 6,00,000 4,20,000	
	Date	Bank A/c To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6) Equity Share Application A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c	Dr. s @₹9 per	13,5	nount ( <b>₹)</b> 50,000	Amount (₹)  13,50,000  3,00,000 6,00,000	
	Date	Bank A/c To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6) Equity Share Application A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c	Dr. s @₹9 per Dr.	13,5	nount ( <b>₹)</b> 50,000	Amount (₹) 13,50,000 3,00,000 6,00,000 4,20,000	
	Date	Bank A/c To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6) Equity Share Application A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c To Calls in advance A/c	Dr. s @₹9 per Dr.	13,5	nount ( <b>₹)</b> 50,000	Amount (₹) 13,50,000 3,00,000 6,00,000 4,20,000	
	Date	Bank A/c To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6)  Equity Share Application A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c To Calls in advance A/c (Transfer of application money to share capital premium, allotment and calls)  Equity Share Allotment A/c	Dr. s @₹9 per Dr.	13,! 13,!	nount ( <b>₹)</b> 50,000	Amount (₹) 13,50,000 3,00,000 6,00,000 4,20,000	
	Date	Bank A/c  To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6)  Equity Share Application A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c To Calls in advance A/c (Transfer of application money to share capital premium, allotment and calls)  Equity Share Allotment A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c	Dr. s @₹9 per Dr.	13,! 13,!	nount (₹) 50,000	Amount (₹) 13,50,000 3,00,000 6,00,000 4,20,000	
	Date	Bank A/c To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6)  Equity Share Application A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c To Calls in advance A/c (Transfer of application money to share capital premium, allotment and calls)  Equity Share Allotment A/c	Dr. s @₹9 per Dr.	13,! 13,!	nount (₹) 50,000	Amount (₹)  13,50,000  3,00,000 6,00,000 4,20,000 30,000	1 x 6
	Date	Bank A/c  To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6)  Equity Share Application A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c To Calls in advance A/c (Transfer of application money to share capital premium, allotment and calls)  Equity Share Allotment A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c	Dr. s @₹9 per Dr.	13,! 13,!	nount (₹) 50,000	Amount (₹)  13,50,000  3,00,000 6,00,000 4,20,000 30,000  4,00,000	1 x 6
	Date	Bank A/c  To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6)  Equity Share Application A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c To Calls in advance A/c (Transfer of application money to share capital premium, allotment and calls)  Equity Share Allotment A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c	Dr. s @₹9 per Dr.	13,5 13,5 8,6	nount (₹) 50,000	Amount (₹)  13,50,000  3,00,000 6,00,000 4,20,000 30,000  4,00,000	1 x 6
	Date	Bank A/c  To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6)  Equity Share Application A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c To Calls in advance A/c (Transfer of application money to share capital premium, allotment and calls)  Equity Share Allotment A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c (Amount due on allotment)	Dr. s @₹9 per  Dr. , securities  Dr.	13,5 13,5 8,6	nount (₹) 50,000	Amount (₹)  13,50,000  3,00,000 6,00,000 4,20,000 30,000  4,00,000	=
	Date	Bank A/c  To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6)  Equity Share Application A/c  To Equity Share Capital A/c  To Securities Premium A/c  To Equity Share Allotment A/c  To Calls in advance A/c (Transfer of application money to share capital premium, allotment and calls)  Equity Share Allotment A/c  To Equity Share Capital A/c  To Securities Premium A/c (Amount due on allotment)  Bank A/c	Dr. s @₹9 per  Dr. , securities  Dr.	13,5 13,5 8,6	nount (₹) 50,000	Amount (₹)  13,50,000  3,00,000 6,00,000 4,20,000 30,000  4,00,000 4,00,000	= 6
	Date	Bank A/c  To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6)  Equity Share Application A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c To Calls in advance A/c (Transfer of application money to share capital premium, allotment and calls)  Equity Share Allotment A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c (Amount due on allotment)  Bank A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c	Dr. s @₹9 per  Dr. , securities  Dr.	13,5 13,5 8,6	nount (₹) 50,000	Amount (₹)  13,50,000  3,00,000 6,00,000 4,20,000 30,000  4,00,000 4,00,000	=
	Date	Bank A/c  To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6)  Equity Share Application A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c To Calls in advance A/c (Transfer of application money to share capital premium, allotment and calls)  Equity Share Allotment A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c (Amount due on allotment)  Bank A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c (Amount received on allotment)	Dr. s @₹9 per  Dr. , securities  Dr.  Dr.	13,5 13,5 8,6	nount ( <b>*</b> ) 50,000	Amount (₹)  13,50,000  3,00,000 6,00,000 4,20,000 30,000  4,00,000 4,00,000	= 6
	Date	Bank A/c  To Equity Share Application A/c (Application money received on 1,50,000 share share, including premium ₹6)  Equity Share Application A/c  To Equity Share Capital A/c  To Securities Premium A/c  To Equity Share Allotment A/c  To Calls in advance A/c (Transfer of application money to share capital premium, allotment and calls)  Equity Share Allotment A/c  To Equity Share Capital A/c  To Equity Share Capital A/c  To Securities Premium A/c (Amount due on allotment)  Bank A/c  To Equity Share Allotment A/c (Amount received on allotment)  Equity Share First and Final call A/c	Dr. s @₹9 per  Dr. , securities  Dr.  Dr.	13,5 13,5 8,6	nount ( <b>*</b> ) 50,000	Amount (₹)  13,50,000  3,00,000 6,00,000 4,20,000 30,000  4,00,000 4,00,000 3,80,000	= 6

	Bank A/c	Dr.	2,68,800		Ī
	Calls in arrears A/c	Dr.	1,200		
	Calls in advance A/c	Dr.	30,000		
	To Equity Share First and Final Call A/c			3,00,000	
	(Amount received on share first and final call	except on 600			
	shares)				

OR

OR

# Q. (b) Pass the necessary journal entries for forfeiture and reissue... Ans. (i)

## Books of Premier Ltd. Journal

Date	Particulars		L.F.	Dr. Amount (₹)	Cr. Amount (₹)	
	Share Capital A/c	Dr.		4,200		
	Securities Premium A/c	Dr.		1,800		
	To Share Forfeiture A/c				1,800	
	To Share Allotment A/c / Calls in arrears A/c				4,200	
	(600 shares forfeited for non-payment of allotmen	t money)				
	Bank A/c	Dr.		7,800		(1 x 3)
	To Share Capital A/c				6,000	
	To Securities Premium A/c				1,800	
	(All forfeited shares reissued @₹13 per share fully	paid up)				
	Share Forfeiture A/c	Dr.		1,800		
	To Capital Reserve A/c				1,800	
	(Profit on reissue of forfeited shares transferred to reserve)	capital				

(ii)

+

#### Books of Risha Ltd. Journal

Date	Particulars		L.F.	Dr.	Cr.	
				Amount (≠)	Amount	
	Share Capital A/c	Dr.		<b>(₹)</b> 8,000	(₹)	
	Securities Premium A/c	Dr.		2,000		
	To Share Forfeiture A/c				4,000	
	To Share Allotment A/c/ Calls in arrears A/c				6,000	
	(1,000 shares forfeited for non-payment of allotme	ent money)				1.0
	Bank A/c	Dr.		5,600		(1 x
	Share Forfeiture A/c	Dr.		800		
	To Share Capital A/c				6,400	=
	(Reissue of 800 shares @₹7 per share ₹8 paid up)					١,
	Share Forfeiture A/c	Dr.		2,400		6
	To Capital Reserve A/c				2,400	ma
	(Profit on reissue of forfeited shares transferred to	capital				
	reserve)					

Ans.								
Dr.			Revalu	uation A/c			Cr.	
Particulars			Amount	Particulars			Amount	
			(₹)				(₹)	
To Fixed Assets	1/2		1,40,000	By Creditors A/c		1/2	70,000	
				By Loss transferr	ed to:	_		()
				Bittu's Capital A/	c 40,000	1/2		4
				Chintu's Capital A	4/c 30 <u>,000</u>	1/2	70,000	
			<u>1,40,000</u>				<u>1,40,000</u>	
Dr.			Partners' C	apital Accounts			Cr.	
Particulars	Bittu	Chintu	Diya	Particulars	Bittu	Chintu	Diya	
	(₹)	(₹)	(₹)		(₹)	(₹)	(₹)	
To Revaluation	40,000	30,000		By Balance b/d ½	8,00,000	6,00,000	)	
A/c ½ To Balance c/d ½	14,40,000	6,60,000	3,50,000	By Bank A/c 1			3,50,000	
. 5 55.01166 6/4 /2	1,10,000	2,35,000	2,30,000	- ファ Dank ハ C 田			3,30,000	
				By Premium for				
				goodwill A/c 1	5,60,000			
				By General Reserve ½	1,20,000	90,000	$\langle    $	
	14,80,000	6,90,000	3,50,000	Reserve /2	14,80,000	6,90,000		Ma
Working Note:								
	d Chintu aft	_			40,000 + ₹6 <u>,</u> ,00,000	,60,000		
Calculation of Divy	d Chintu aft	_	are= ₹21,0	= ₹21 0,000 x 7/6 x 1/7		,60,000		
Calculation of Divy	d Chintu aft	_		= ₹21 0,000 x 7/6 x 1/7		.60,000		
Calculation of Divy	d Chintu aft	_	are= ₹21,0 = ₹3,50	= ₹21 0,000 x 7/6 x 1/7		,60,000		C
Calculation of Divy	d Chintu aft	for 1/7 sh	are= ₹21,0 = ₹3,50	= ₹21 0,000 x 7/6 x 1/7 0,000 <b>DR</b>		,60,000		C
Calculation of Divy Capital of Bittu an Divya's proportion  Q. (b) Rupal, Shan	d Chintu aft	for 1/7 sh	are= ₹21,0 = ₹3,50	= ₹21 0,000 x 7/6 x 1/7 0,000 <b>DR</b>		.60,000		C
Calculation of Divy Capital of Bittu an Divya's proportion  Q. (b) Rupal, Shan Ans.	d Chintu aft	for 1/7 sh	are= ₹21,0 = ₹3,50 ( artners in a	= ₹21 0,000 x 7/6 x 1/7 0,000 OR firm		,60,000	Cr.	C
Calculation of Divy Capital of Bittu an Divya's proportion  Q. (b) Rupal, Shan  Ans. Dr.	d Chintu aft	for 1/7 sh	are= ₹21,0 = ₹3,50 ( artners in a Revalu	= ₹21 0,000 x 7/6 x 1/7 0,000 OR firm		.60,000	Cr.	C
Calculation of Divy Capital of Bittu an Divya's proportion  Q. (b) Rupal, Shan Ans.	d Chintu aft	for 1/7 sh	are= ₹21,0 = ₹3,50 ( artners in a	= ₹21 0,000 x 7/6 x 1/7 0,000 OR firm		,60,000	Cr. Amount (₹)	C
Calculation of Divy Capital of Bittu an Divya's proportion  Q. (b) Rupal, Shan  Ans. Dr.	d Chintu aft	for 1/7 sh	are= ₹21,0 = ₹3,50 artners in a Revalu Amount	= ₹21 0,000 x 7/6 x 1/7 0,000 OR firm	,00,000	.60,000	Amount	С
Calculation of Divy Capital of Bittu an Divya's proportion  Q. (b) Rupal, Shan  Ans. Dr.  Particulars	d Chintu aft	for 1/7 sh	are= ₹21,0 = ₹3,50 artners in a Revalu Amount (₹)	= ₹21 0,000 x 7/6 x 1/7 0,000 OR firm	,00,000	,60,000	Amount (₹)	
Calculation of Divy Capital of Bittu an Divya's proportion  Q. (b) Rupal, Shan  Ans. Dr.  Particulars  To Stock To Profit transfer Rupal's Capital A	d Chintu aft nate capital nu and Trish red to: /c 80,000	for 1/7 sh	are= ₹21,0 = ₹3,50 artners in a Revalu Amount (₹)	= ₹21 0,000 x 7/6 x 1/7 0,000 OR firm	,00,000	.60,000	Amount (₹)	() ()
Calculation of Divy Capital of Bittu an Divya's proportion  Q. (b) Rupal, Shan  Ans. Dr.  Particulars  To Stock To Profit transfer Rupal's Capital A Shanu's Capital A Shanu's Capital A	d Chintu aft nate capital nu and Trish red to: /c 80,000	for 1/7 sh	are= ₹21,0 = ₹3,50 artners in a Revalu Amount (₹) 80,000	= ₹21 0,000 x 7/6 x 1/7 0,000 OR firm	,00,000	,60,000	Amount (₹)	(3
Calculation of Divy Capital of Bittu an Divya's proportion  Q. (b) Rupal, Shan  Ans. Dr.  Particulars  To Stock To Profit transfer Rupal's Capital A	d Chintu aft nate capital nu and Trish red to: /c 80,000	for 1/7 sh	are= ₹21,0 = ₹3,50 artners in a Revalu Amount (₹)	= ₹21 0,000 x 7/6 x 1/7 0,000 OR firm	,00,000	.60,000	Amount (₹)	(3

	Dr.		P	artners' Ca	oital Accounts			Cr.	
	Particulars	Rupal (₹)	Shanu (₹)	Trisha (₹)	Particulars	Rupal (₹)	Shanu (₹)	Trisha (₹)	
	To Trisha's Capital	(9	1,00,000	( )	By Balance b/d ½	8,00,000	6,00,000	2,00,000	
	To Trisha's Loan A/c			3,60,000	By General				
	1/2				Reserve A/c ½	1,60,000	1,20,000	40,000	
	To Cash A/c ½	2,40,000			By Shanu's Capital			1,00,000	4 1/2
	To Balance c/d ½	8,00,000	8,00,000		By Revaluation	80,000	60,000	20,000	=
					A/c ½ By Cash A/c ½		1,20,000		6 marks
		10,40,000	9,00,000	3,60,000		10,40,000	9,00,000	3,60,000	
27	Q. The Quick ratio of		(Analys	PAR OPTIO					
21									1
	Ans. (B) Sold goods or	n credit							mark
28	Q. Snow Ltd. earned	a profit of	••						1
	Ans. (D) Both the stat	ements are	true.						mark
29	Q. (a) is i	not a tool	••						
	Ans. (A) Income Stat	ement							1 mark
	Q. (b) In 'Common s	iza incoma	statomon	۰,	R				OR
				ι					1
	Ans. (D) Revenue fro	om Operatio	ons						mark
30	Q. (a) Short term hig	ghly liquid	•••••						1
	Ans. (D) 3 months or	·less							mark
	O (h) Which of the	following		0	R				OR
	Q. (b) Which of the f		••••						1 mark
2.5									
31	Q. Classify the follow	ving items	under ma	jor neads.	••				

Ans.				
	Item	Major head	Sub-head	
(i)	Work in progress	Current Assets	Inventories	½ x 6
(ii)	Securities Premium	Shareholders' Funds	Reserves and Surplus	
(iii)	Creditors	Current Liabilities	Trade Payables	3 marks

#### 32 Q. From the following information, prepare....

Ans.

## Comparative Statement of Profit and Loss of Smart Ltd. for the years ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st March, 2024

Particulars	2022-23	2023-24	<b>Absolute</b>	Percentage		
	(₹)	(₹)	increase or	increase or		
			decrease	decrease		
Revenue from Operations	20,00,000	24,00,000	4,00,000	20	1/2	
Less Expenses:						
Cost of materials consumed	4,00,000	6,00,000	2,00,000	50	1/2	
Employee benefit expenses	2,00,000	4,00,000	2,00,000	100	1/2	
Total expenses	6,00,000	10,00,000	4,00,000	66.67		
Profit before tax	14,00,000	14,00,000	NIL	NIL	1/2	
Less Tax @50%	7,00,000	7,00,000	NIL	NIL	1/2	
Profit after tax	7,00,000	7,00,000	NIL	NIL	1/2	

### 33 Q. (a) From the following information, calculate Opening Trade Receivables....

Ans.

Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio= Net Credit Revenue from operations...... 1

Average Trade Receivables

Cost of Revenue from operations= ₹6,40,000

**Gross Profit**= 20% of Revenue from operations = 25% of Cost of Revenue from operations

- ⇒ 25/100 x ₹6,40,000
- ⇒ ₹1,60,000

**Revenue from operations =** Cost of Revenue from operations + Gross Profit

- $\Rightarrow$  Revenue from operations = ₹6,40,000 + ₹1,60,000
- ⇒ Revenue from operations= ₹8,00,000

⇒ Credit Revenue from op	erations= ₹6,00,000 1	M
Trade Receivables Turnover Ra	tio= <u>Net Credit Revenue from operations</u> Average Trade Receivables	
<b>.</b>		
<ul><li>⇒ 4 = ₹6,00,000/ Average T</li><li>⇒ Average Trade Receivab</li></ul>		
· ·		
Average Trade Receivables= Or	pening Trade Receivables+ Closing Trade Receivables 2	
_et Opening Trade Receivables b	<del>-</del>	
⇒ ₹1,50,000 = x + ₹10,000		
⇒ x = ₹1,40,000		
<i>, ,</i>	oles= ₹1,40,000 1	
⇒ Closing Trade Receivable	<u> </u>	
=	es= ₹1,60,000 <u>1</u>	
	OR	
Q. (b) From the following inform	nation	
Q. (b) From the following inforn Ans.	nation	
Ans.	of Revenue from operations/ Average Inventory 1	
Ans.  nventory Turnover Ratio =Cost o	of Revenue from operations/ Average Inventory 1	
Ans.  nventory Turnover Ratio =Cost of Gross Profit Ratio = Gross Profit,	of Revenue from operations/ Average Inventory 1  / Net Revenue from Operations	
Ans.  nventory Turnover Ratio =Cost of Gross Profit Ratio = Gross Profit,  ⇒ 25 = Gross Profit, ₹8,00,	of Revenue from operations/ Average Inventory 1  / Net Revenue from Operations	
Ans.  nventory Turnover Ratio =Cost of the Gross Profit Ratio = Gross Profit,  ⇒ 25 = Gross Profit, ₹8,00,  ⇒ Gross Profit= ₹2,00,000	of Revenue from operations/ Average Inventory	
Ans.  nventory Turnover Ratio =Cost of Gross Profit Ratio = Gross Profit,  ⇒ 25 = Gross Profit, ₹8,00,  ⇒ Gross Profit= ₹2,00,000  Cost of Revenue from operation	of Revenue from operations/ Average Inventory	
Ans.  nventory Turnover Ratio =Cost of Gross Profit Ratio = Gross Profit,  ⇒ 25 = Gross Profit, ₹8,00,  ⇒ Gross Profit= ₹2,00,000  Cost of Revenue from operation  ⇒ Cost of Revenue from operation	of Revenue from operations/ Average Inventory	m
Ans.  nventory Turnover Ratio =Cost of Gross Profit Ratio = Gross Profit,  ⇒ 25 = Gross Profit, ₹8,00,  ⇒ Gross Profit= ₹2,00,000  Cost of Revenue from operation  ⇒ Cost of Revenue from operation  ⇒ Cost of Revenue from operation	of Revenue from operations/ Average Inventory	m
Ans.  nventory Turnover Ratio =Cost of Gross Profit Ratio = Gross Profit/ ₹8,00,  ⇒ 25 = Gross Profit/ ₹8,00,  ⇒ Gross Profit= ₹2,00,000  Cost of Revenue from operation  ⇒ Cost of Revenue from operation ⇒ Cost of Revenue from operation operation operation operation ⇒ Cost of Revenue from operation operat	of Revenue from operations/ Average Inventory	m
Ans.  nventory Turnover Ratio =Cost of Gross Profit Ratio = Gross Profit,  ⇒ 25 = Gross Profit, ₹8,00,  ⇒ Gross Profit= ₹2,00,000  Cost of Revenue from operation  ⇒ Cost of Revenue from operation  ⇒ Cost of Revenue from operation	of Revenue from operations/ Average Inventory	m
Ans.  nventory Turnover Ratio =Cost of Gross Profit Ratio = Gross Profit/ ₹8,00,  ⇒ 25 = Gross Profit/ ₹8,00,  ⇒ Gross Profit= ₹2,00,000  Cost of Revenue from operation  ⇒ Average Inventory = ₹1,50	of Revenue from operations/ Average Inventory	m
Ans.  nventory Turnover Ratio =Cost of Gross Profit Ratio = Gross Profit,  ⇒ 25 = Gross Profit, ₹8,00,  ⇒ Gross Profit= ₹2,00,000  Cost of Revenue from operation  ⇒ Cost of Revenue from op  ⇒ Cost of Revenue from op  nventory Turnover Ratio =Cost of  ⇒ 4 = ₹6,00,000/ Average II  ⇒ Average Inventory = ₹1,50  Average Inventory = (Opening Inc.)	of Revenue from operations/ Average Inventory	m
Ans.  nventory Turnover Ratio =Cost of Gross Profit Ratio = Gross Profit/ ₹8,00,  ⇒ 25 = Gross Profit/ ₹8,00,  ⇒ Gross Profit= ₹2,00,000  Cost of Revenue from operation  ⇒ Average Inventory = ₹1,50  Average Inventory = (Opening Interpretation)	of Revenue from operations/ Average Inventory	m
Ans.  nventory Turnover Ratio =Cost of Gross Profit Ratio = Gross Profit/ ₹8,00,  ⇒ 25 = Gross Profit/ ₹8,00,  ⇒ Gross Profit= ₹2,00,000  Cost of Revenue from operation  ⇒ Cost of Revenue from operation	of Revenue from operations/ Average Inventory	m
Ans.  nventory Turnover Ratio =Cost of Gross Profit Ratio = Gross Profit/ ₹8,00,  ⇒ 25 = Gross Profit/ ₹8,00,  ⇒ Gross Profit= ₹2,00,000  Cost of Revenue from operation  ⇒ Cost of Revenue from operation	of Revenue from operations/ Average Inventory	m

Ans.	5 1	of planetter	4				
Coloul		of Bhavik Ltd					
Calcul	for the year er		resting Activities				
Partic		IUCU 31 IVIO	(₹)	(₹)			
	Purchase of Plant and Machinery (13,50,000)						
Sale of Machinery	,		6,50,000				
Sale of Non-Current Investments 1,00,0							
Net Cash used in Investing Act	tivities			(6,00,000)			
Working Note:							
_	Dlant and	l Machinen.	A /o	<b>C</b> **			
Dr. Particulars	Amou	Machinery	Particulars	Cr. Amount			
Faiticulais	(₹)	111	Particulars	(₹)			
To Balance b/d	16,00,0	000 By Ban	k/Cash A/c	6,50,000			
To Bank/ Cash A/c	13,50,0		ımulated Depreciation A/o				
(Balancing figure)			ement of Profit and Loss-				
		Loss on	sale of machinery	1,00,000			
		By Bala	nce c/d	21,50,000			
	<u>29,50,0</u>	000		<u>29,50,000</u>			
Dr.	Accumula	ated Depreci	ation A/c	Cr.			
Particulars	Amount		Particulars	Amount			
	(₹)			(₹)			
To Plant and Machinery A/c	50,000	By Balance	b/d	1,00,000			
To Balance c/d	2,50,000	By Deprecia	ation A/c	2,00,000			
	<u>3,00,000</u>			<u>3,00,000</u>			
(b)							
	Books	of Bhavik Ltd	١.				
Calcula			ancing Activities				
	for the year er		_				
Partic	ulars		(₹)	(₹)			
Issue of Shares ½			2,00,000				
Redemption of 10% Debenture	es½		(4,00,000)				
Interest paid on debentures.	1		(1,00,000)				
Net Cash used in Financing Ac	tivities 1			(3,00,000)			
		PART B					
		PTION II					
		7 1101411					
	O (Compute	rised Accour	ting)				
	O (Compute		ting)				
Q. (a) A piece of information	O (Compute		ting)				
Q. (a) A piece of information	O (Compute	rised Accour	ting)				
Q. (a) A piece of information  Ans. (C) legend  Q. (b) Identify the type	O (Compute		ting)				

	Ans. (D) Sequential codes	1 mark
28	Q. The software of	
	Ans. (A) Scalability	1 mark
29	Q. (a) Which of the following	
	Ans. (B) Miscellaneous Expenditures  OR	1 mark
	Q. (b) Null value is the special	OR
	Ans. (C) Absence of data items	1 mark
30	Q. To see all available shape	_
	Ans. (D) More	1 mark
31	Q. Name the error which	
	Ans. 1. Name of the Error is: Correct a #NAME? Error This error occurs when Excel doesn't recognize text in a formula.	3
	Solution: (Any two)  (i) Click the Microsoft office button, click Excel option and then click the Add-ins category.  (ii) Select Excel Add-ins in the manage list box and then click Go.  (iii) In the Add-ins available list, select the Euro Currency Tools check box and then click Ok.	marks
32	Q. State the advantages of	
	Ans. Any three of the following:	
	(i) Querying large amounts of data in user-friendly ways. Sub totalling and aggregating numeric data, summarizing data by categories and subcategories and creating custom calculations and formulas.	
	(ii) Expanding and collapsing level of data to focus on results and providing from details to the summary of data for areas of interest.	
	(iii) Moving rows to column or columns to rows (or pivoting) to see different summaries of the source data.	1 x 3
	(iv) Filtering, sorting, grouping and conditionally formatting the most useful and the interesting subset of data to enable us to focus on the information that we want.	3
	(v) Presenting concise, attractive and annotated online or printed reports.	marks
	(vi) The use of a Pivot table report is to analyse related totals, when we have a long list of figures to sum and to compare several facts about each figure.	
	0/1/CDSE/2024 2E 17	1

33	Q. (a) What is data	
	<b>Ans.</b> Presenting a data in a form that it becomes easier to read and understand information is called Data formatting.	1
	Formatting tools are:	
	(i) Number formatting It includes adding percentages symbol (%) commas ('), decimal places (.) etc. data, time, specific values as well as some special formats to a spreadsheet.	+
	(ii) Special format category: Data (special numbers such as phone numbers, zip codes and social security numbers which require different format in a certain way) from the category option we select. Special and from corresponding drop-down box under the locale we select format special numbers. Appropriate to specific countries.	(1 x 3) = 4 marks
	(iii) Changing cell colours.	
	(iv) Creating custom cell borders.	
	OR	OR
	Q. (b) Explain 'ROUND' function Ans.	
	ROUND is the function to round off a number to specified number of digits the syntax of the function is ROUND (number, Num_digits) Where	1
	Number is the number to round (preferably fractional number) Num digits specifies the number of digits to round the Number.	1
	There may be some different situations for Num_digits as follows:  (a) If Num_digits is greater than 0 (Zero) then number is rounded to the specified number of decimal places.	+ 2 =
	<ul><li>(b) If Num digits is 0, then number is rounded to the nearest digit.</li><li>(c) If Num digits is less than 0 than number is rounded to the left of the decimal point.</li></ul>	4 marks
34	Q. In case the total cost	
	Ans.  34. Creating If function using the formula Tab and dialogue box.  (i) Select the cell say D4 where the function is to be introduced  (ii) Click at the formula tab on the ribbon and click logical option.  (iii) Select 'IF Function' which will provide function argument dialogue box.  (iv) Type an appropriate condition in the logical test box.  (v) In the value if true, box type required value if logical test condition is met.  (vi) In the value if false, box type value if logical test condition is not met.  (vii) Click OK, the answer for the condition will be displayed. Copy the function from D4 to all other cells.	6 marks
	In the formula Box the function will be displayed as. =If (D4 > 2,00,000, 20%, 10%)	